

## **Zooming in on the true neural mechanisms of phenomenal consciousness**

### **ABSTRACT:**

#### **Background**

In the search for the neural basis of conscious experience, perception and report are typically confounded as neural activity is recorded while participants explicitly report what they experience.

#### **Aims**

To disentangle perception from report using eye-movement analysis techniques based on convolutional neural networks and neurodynamical analyses based on information theory.

#### **Method**

We use a bistable visual stimulus that instantiates two well-known properties of conscious perception: integration and differentiation. Observers either perceive the stimulus as one integrated unitary object or as two differentiated objects that are clearly distinct from each other.

#### **Results**

Electroencephalography measures of integration and differentiation closely follow perceptual experience. We observed increased information integration between anterior to posterior electrodes prior to a switch to the integrated percept, and higher information differentiation of anterior signals leading up to reporting the differentiated percept. Information integration was linked to perception and even observed in a no-report condition (perceptual transitions were inferred from eye-movements). In contrast, the link between neural differentiation and perception was observed solely in the active report condition.

#### **Conclusions**

Perception and report require distinct levels of anterior-posterior network communication and anterior information differentiation: while front to back directed information is associated with changes in the content of perception, regardless of report, frontal information differentiation was absent in no-report conditions, and therefore has a different role not directly linked to perception *per se*.

#### **Keywords**

Consciousness, perception, information theory, report

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### **Published Work:**

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### **Researcher's Contacts:**

Simon van Gaal  
Nieuwe Achtergracht 129B | Room G0.12  
Mail Postbus 15919 | 1001 NK Amsterdam  
Phone: +31(0)20-5256711  
Email: [vangaal@uva.nl](mailto:vangaal@uva.nl)

Andres Canales-Johnson: [afc37@cam.ac.uk](mailto:afc37@cam.ac.uk)